

PISNO PREVERJANJE ZNANJA

RAZRED: 9. ____ DATUM: _____	TOČKOVNIK
IME IN PRIIMEK: _____	0 - 26,5 nzd(1)
ŠTEVILO TOČK: ____/54 ODSOTKI: _____ INF. OCENA: _____	27 - 34,5 zd(2)
	35 - 42,5 db(3)
	43 - 48 pdb(4)
	48,5 - 54 odl(5)

1.) ____ / 8 Izračunaj vrednosti številskih izrazov:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } & \underline{4} - \underline{5} + \underline{7} - \underline{8} - \underline{3} = \\ & = 11 - 16 = \\ & = \underline{-5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } & 17 - (-15 + 18 : (-9)) = \\ & = 17 - (-15 + (-2)) = \\ & = 17 - (-15 - 2) = \\ & = 17 - (-17) = 17 + 17 = \underline{34} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } & -3\frac{3}{5} : \left(\frac{2}{5} \cdot (0,5 - 0,75)\right) = \\ & = -3\frac{3}{5} : \left(\frac{2}{5} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{4}\right)\right) = \\ & = -\frac{18}{5} : \left(\frac{2}{5} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)\right) = \\ & = -\frac{18}{5} : \left(-\frac{2 \cdot 1 \cdot 1}{5 \cdot 4 \cdot 2}\right) = -\frac{18}{5} : \left(-\frac{1}{10}\right) = \\ & = \frac{18 \cdot 10 \cdot 2}{5 \cdot 1 \cdot 1} = \underline{36} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } & ((-9)^2 : (-9) + 2^2)^2 - (-3)^3 = \\ & = (81 : (-9) + 4)^2 - (-27) = \\ & = (-9 + 4)^2 + 27 = \\ & = (-5)^2 + 27 = \\ & = 25 + 27 = \underline{52} \end{aligned}$$

2.) ____ / 8 Poenostavi

$$\text{a) } 2a \cdot 3a = \underline{6a^2}$$

$$\text{e) } 16x^8 : 2x^2 = \underline{8x^6}$$

$$\text{b) } 3a^2 \cdot 4xa^3 = \underline{12a^5x}$$

$$\text{f) } (7a^4b)^2 = \underline{49a^8b^2}$$

$$7a^4b \cdot 7a^4b$$

$$\text{c) } 2y^4 \cdot 4y^2 = \underline{8y^6}$$

$$\text{g) } 8a - 6a = \underline{2a}$$

$$\text{d) } \frac{1}{2}xy \cdot (-16x^2y) = \underline{-8x^3y^2}$$

$$\text{h) } \underline{5m} - 3 - \underline{m} = \underline{4m - 3}$$

3.) ____ / 4 Zmnoži enočlenik z veččlenikom

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } & (11 - 2x) \cdot 5x = \\ & = 55x - 10x^2 = \\ & = \underline{-10x^2 + 55x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } & (-2a^2b^3) \cdot (3a - 0,4b + 10) = \\ & = \underline{-6a^3b^3 + 0,8a^2b^4 - 20a^2b^3} \end{aligned}$$

4.) ___ / 5 Poenostavi izraze s spremenljivkami

a) $\frac{-7x}{mn} + \frac{0,2y}{mn} - \frac{x}{mn} - \frac{1y}{mn} + \frac{5,4x}{mn} + \frac{9y}{mn} =$
 $= -2,6x + 8,2y$

ПОМОЌ

$$-7 - 1 + 5,4 = -8 + 5,4 = -2,6$$

$$+0,2 - 1 + 9 = 9,2 - 1 = 8,2$$

b) $-(5a^2 + 10a - 15) + (4a^2 + 11a - 19) - (-3a^2 + 10) =$
 $= -5a^2 - 10a + 15 + 4a^2 + 11a - 19 + 3a^2 - 10 =$
 $= 2a^2 + a - 14$

ПОМОЌ

$$-5 + 4 + 3 = 2$$

$$-10 + 11 = 1$$

$$+15 - 19 - 10 = -14$$

c) $(5x-1) \cdot 2x + (4x-3) \cdot (-3x) =$
 $= 10x^2 - 2x - 12x^2 + 9x =$
 $= -2x^2 + 7x$

5.) ___ / 3 Izračunaj kvadrate dvočlenikov:

a) $(d+6)^2 =$
 $= d^2 + 12d + 36$

b) $(2m-4)^2 =$
 $= 4m^2 - 16m + 16$

c) $(-6x-5y)^2 =$
 $= 36x^2 + 60xy + 25y^2$

6.) ___ / 3 Izračunaj produkte vsote in razlike dveh enakih členov:

a) $(b+7)(b-7) = b^2 - 49$

b) $(3a-6b)(3a+6b) = 9a^2 - 36b^2$

c) $\left(-\frac{4}{3}p + \left(-\frac{2}{3}r\right)\right)\left(-\frac{4}{3}p - \left(-\frac{2}{3}r\right)\right) =$
 $= \left(-\frac{4}{3}p - \frac{2}{3}r\right)\left(-\frac{4}{3}p + \frac{2}{3}r\right) =$
 $= +\frac{16}{9}p^2 - \frac{4}{9}r^2$

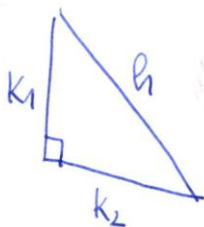
KVADRIRAMO

- 7.) ___ / 6 Izraza najprej poenostavi. Ko izraza ne moreš več poenostaviti, vstavi vrednosti spremenljivk $x = -5$ in $y = 0,5$ ter izračunaj vrednost izrazov.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } 3x^2 - (2x - 1)(2x + 1) &= \\ &= 3x^2 - (4x^2 - 1) = \\ &= 3x^2 - 4x^2 + 1 = \\ &= -x^2 + 1 \\ &= -(-5)^2 + 1 = \\ &= -25 + 1 = -24 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } (5x + 9y)(9y - 5x) - (9y + 5x)^2 &= \\ &= 81y^2 - 25x^2 - (81y^2 + 90xy + 25x^2) = \\ &= \cancel{81y^2} - 25x^2 - \cancel{81y^2} - 90xy - 25x^2 = \\ &= -50x^2 - 90xy = \\ &= -50 \cdot (-5)^2 - 90 \cdot (-5) \cdot 0,5 = \\ &= -50 \cdot 25 + 450 \cdot 0,5 = \\ &= -1250 + 225 = \\ &= -1025 \end{aligned}$$

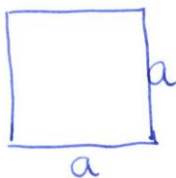
- 8.) ___ / 2 V pravokotnem trikotniku merita kateti 3 cm in 4 cm. Izračunaj obseg tega trikotnika.



$$\begin{aligned} h^2 &= 3^2 + 4^2 \\ h^2 &= 9 + 16 \\ h^2 &= 25 \\ h &= \sqrt{25} = 5 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma &= 3 + 4 + 5 \\ \sigma &= 12 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

- 9.) ___ / 2 Obseg kvadrata meri 32 cm. Izračunaj diagonalo tega kvadrata.

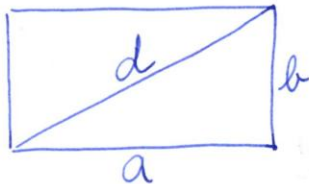


$$\begin{aligned} \sigma &= 32 \text{ cm} \\ d &= \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma &= 4 \cdot a \\ 32 &= 4 \cdot a \\ a &= 32 : 4 \\ a &= 8 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} d &= a\sqrt{2} \\ d &= 8\sqrt{2} \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

- 10.) ___ / 2 Ena stranica pravokotnika meri 12 cm, diagonal pa 13 cm. Izračunaj ploščino tega pravokotnika.



$$\begin{aligned} d &= 13 \text{ cm} \\ a &= 12 \text{ cm} \\ p &= 60 \text{ cm}^2 \\ b &= 5 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} d^2 &= a^2 + b^2 \\ b^2 &= d^2 - a^2 \\ b^2 &= 13^2 - 12^2 \\ b^2 &= 169 - 144 \\ b^2 &= 25 \\ b &= 5 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p &= a \cdot b \\ p &= 12 \cdot 5 \\ p &= 60 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

- 11.) ___ / 3 Višina na osnovnico enakokrakega trikotnika meri 24 cm, ploščina pa 240 cm^2 . Izračunaj obseg.



$$\begin{aligned} v_c &= 24 \text{ cm} \\ p &= 240 \text{ cm}^2 \\ \sigma &= 72 \text{ cm} \\ a &= 26 \text{ cm} \\ c &= 20 \text{ cm} \\ e &= 20 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

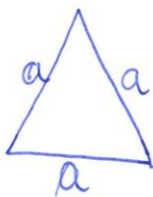
$$\begin{aligned} \sigma &= 2 \cdot a + c \\ \sigma &= 2 \cdot 26 + 20 \\ \sigma &= 52 + 20 \\ \sigma &= 72 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24 \cdot 24 \\ \underline{48} \\ 576 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p &= \frac{c \cdot v_c}{2} \\ 240 &= \frac{c \cdot 24 \cdot 12}{2 \cdot 1} \\ 240 &= 12 \cdot c \\ c &= 240 : 12 \\ c &= 20 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 &= v_c^2 + \left(\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \\ a^2 &= 24^2 + 10^2 \\ a^2 &= 576 + 100 \\ a^2 &= 676 \\ a &= \sqrt{676} \\ a &= 26 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

- 12.) ___ / 3 Enakostraničnemu trikotniku s stranico 10 cm izračunaj višino, obseg in ploščino. V rezultatu lahko pustiš korene.



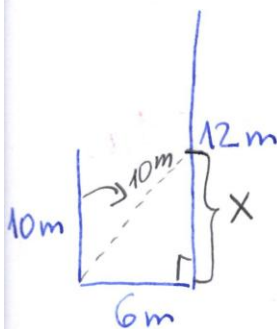
$$\begin{aligned} a &= 10 \text{ cm} \\ v &= 5\sqrt{3} \text{ cm} \\ \sigma &= 30 \text{ cm} \\ p &= 25\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma &= 3 \cdot a \\ \sigma &= 3 \cdot 10 \\ \sigma &= 30 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} v &= \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ v &= \frac{10\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ v &= 5\sqrt{3} \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p &= \frac{a^2\sqrt{3}}{4} \\ p &= \frac{100\sqrt{3} \cdot 25}{4 \cdot 1} \\ p &= 25\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

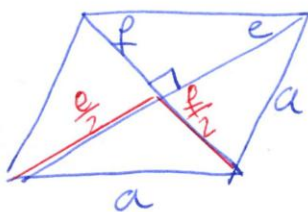
- 13.) ___ / 2 Dve palice sta zapičeni v tla. Razdalja med njima je 6 metrov. Ena palica je visoka 10 m, druga pa 12 m. Kje (na kateri višini) doseže vrh manjše palice večjo, če pade nanjo? Pomagaj si s skico!



$$\begin{aligned} X^2 &= 10^2 - 6^2 \\ X^2 &= 100 - 36 \\ X^2 &= 64 \\ X &= \sqrt{64} \\ X &= 8 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

Vrh manjše palice doseže večjo na višini 8 m od tal.

- 14.) ___ / 3 Diagonali romba merita 12 cm in 16 cm. Izračunaj obseg, ploščino in višino tega romba.



$$\begin{aligned} e &= 12 \text{ cm} \\ f &= 16 \text{ cm} \\ \sigma &= 40 \text{ cm} \\ p &= 96 \text{ cm}^2 \\ v &= 9,6 \text{ cm} \\ a &= 10 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 &= \left(\frac{e}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{f}{2}\right)^2 \\ a^2 &= 6^2 + 8^2 \\ a^2 &= 36 + 64 \\ a^2 &= 100 \\ a &= 10 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma &= 4 \cdot a \\ \sigma &= 4 \cdot 10 \text{ cm} \\ \sigma &= 40 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p &= \frac{e \cdot f}{2} \\ p &= \frac{12 \cdot 16 \cdot 8}{2 \cdot 1} = 96 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p &= a \cdot v \\ 96 &= 10 \cdot v \\ v &= 96 : 10 \\ v &= 9,6 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$