

SUBJECT QUESTIONS – vprašanja po osebkju stavka

Pozdravljeni!

Prejšnjo uro smo se pogovarjali o tem, kako se sprašujemo po predmetu stavka, danes pa je na vrsti osebek stavka. **Le ta stoji na začetku stavka.**

1. Preberi spodnji zapis in zraven razmišljaj.

Oglej si primer:

Mami peče piškote. Osebek stavka je **MAMI** vprašamo se: **KDO ALI KAJ** peče piškote?



Na podoben način se sprašujemo po osebkju stavka tudi v angleščini:

a. **Mum** bakes cookies. Vprašamo se po osebkju stavka: **WHO bakes cookies?**



(Kdo peče piškote?)

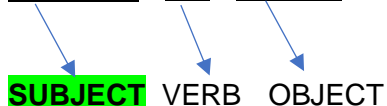


Tvorba vprašanj po osebkju stavka je zelo enostavna. Namesto osebkja napišemo vprašalnico, preostali del stavka pa le prepisemo. **PAZI pa tole:** glagol mora v vprašalni povedi biti vedno v ednini – Poglej si ta primer:

Mum and dad bake cookies. – Who bakes **s** cookies? – glagolu smo dodali končnico -s, da smo ga postavili v ednino. To se zgodi le v sedanjiku ter kadar imamo glagol BITI.

b. V zgornjem primeru je bila osebek stavka mami (mum). Poglejmo, kaj se zgodi, če kot osebek stavka nastopa npr. neka žival:

The wolf ate **a bone**. Vprašamo se po predmetu stavka: **WHAT ate a bone?**



(Kaj je pojedlo kost?)

Torej: kadar je osebek stavka človek, uporabimo vprašalnico **WHO**, kadar je osebek stavka **žival, rastlina, predmet ali pojem** pa vprašalnico **WHAT**.

2. Vzemi zvezek in prepisi razlago v spodnjem okvirju.



SUBJECT QUESTIONS (vprašanja po osebkju stavka)

Po osebkju stavka se v angleščini sprašujemo z vprašalnicama WHO in WHAT. Kadar je osebek stavka človek, uporabimo WHO, kadar je osebek stavka žival, rastlina, predmet ali pojem, pa vprašalnico WHAT.

Vprašalne stavke tvorimo zelo enostavno: namesto osebkja napišemo vprašalnico WHO ali WHAT in preprišemo preostanek stavka.

Primeri:

Tony drives a car. – **Who** drives a car?

A bird flew over me. – **What** flew over me?

Love is great. – **What** is great?

People will live on Mars in the future. – **Who** will live on Mars in the future?

Paziti moramo le tole: glagol mora biti v vprašalnem stavku VEDNO v ednini – to pomeni, da mu v sedanjiku dodamo končnico -s; ter če imamo glagol biti v množini (are, were), ga postavimo v ednino:

Tim and Tina eat breakfast every day. – **Who** eats breakfast every day?

My cats are chasing a mouse now. – **What** is chasing a mouse now?

We were talking to our friends. – **Who** was talking to our friends?

They are going to meet their friends. – **Who** is going to meet their friends?

3. **V zvezek napiši vprašalne stavke. Vprašaj se po podčrtanih osebkjih.** Na koncu se preveri z rešitvami.

- a) Julie loves Danny.
- b) We were watching snowflakes for a while.
- c) The caterpillar became a butterfly.
- d) The teacher is talking to her student now.
- e) The dogs are playing outside.
- f) Tim and Tom read books every day.
- g) Luke read the book a week ago.
- h) That plant will probably die.

4. **Odpri delovni zvezek na strani 70, 71 in reši nalogi 35 in 36.** Preveri svoje odgovore.

REŠITVE

ZVEZEK:

- a) Who loves Danny?
- b) Who was watching snowflakes for a while?
- c) What became a butterfly?
- d) Who is talking to her student now?
- e) What is playing outside?
- f) Who reads books every day?
- g) Who read the book a week ago?
- h) What will probably die?

DELOVNI ZVEZEK:

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- 1 What do Bob and Jim like?
- 2 What started at 9 o'clock?
- 3 What do earthquakes cause?
- 4 What costs more than sugar?
- 5 What lasted about an hour and a half?
- 6 What was the landslide blocking?
- 7 What did children use every day?
- 8 What makes a lot of noise?
- 9 What will the Blacks have at 6 pm?
- 10 What destroyed seaside villages?

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- 1 Who works in a hospital?
- 2 Who did Daisy often phone?
- 3 Who often goes to the funfair?
- 4 Who did you know very well?
- 5 Who is visiting their grandparents?
- 6 Who does Mark love?
- 7 Who did you see every morning?
- 8 Who will help his mother with the housework?